Precalculus G/T Essential Curriculum

UNIT I: Relations, Functions, Graphs, and Inequalities

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in applying graphing utilities to investigate symmetry and geometric transformations of special functions.

Objectives - The student will be able to:

- a. Determine the symmetry of a graph.
- b. Use symmetry to sketch a graph.
- c.Identify and graph Greatest Integer Function.
- d. Identify and graph Absolute Value Function.
- e.Identify and graph Piecewise Functions.
- f. Solve inequalities involving absolute value.

UNIT II: Trigonometric Functions

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in working with trigonometric functions and applying them to real-world situations.

Objectives – The student will be able to:

- a. Measure angles in degrees and radians.
- b. Find measures of coterminal angles.
- c. Convert between degree and radian measure.
- d. Measure arcs and sectors of circles.
- e. Define sine, cosine and tangent as ratios.
- f. Solve right triangles given partial information about sides and angles.
- g. Evaluate the sine and cosine functions of an angle given a point on its terminal side.
- h. Define the six trigonometric functions.
- i. Define the circular functions in connection with the trigonometric functions.
- j. Find and state the six trigonometric functions of special and quadrantal angles.
- k. Find and state the six circular functions of special and quadrantal angles.
- 1. Find decimal approximations for values of trigonometric functions.
- m. Find the degree measure of an angle when the trigonometric function value is given.
- n. Find the radian measure of an angle when the circular function value is given.
- o. State and prove the reciprocal, ratio, Pythagorean, and odd-even identities.

UNIT III: Analytic Trigonome try and Applications

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in analyzing the graphs of the trigonometric functions and their inverses, and applying the trigonometric functions to solve triangles.

Objectives - The student will be able to:

- a. Graph the sine and cosine functions.
- b. Find the amplitude, period, and phase shift from a function equation.
- c. Graph the sine or cosine function when given the amplitude, period, and phase shift.
- d. Graph and apply transformations to the tangent, cotangent, secant and cosecant functions.
- e. Graph trigonometric equations by addition of ordinates.
- f. Evaluate inverse trigonometric functions.
- g. Graph inverse trigonometric functions.
- h. Use the law of sines to solve a triangle when the measure of two angles and one side are given.
- i. Use the law of cosines when the measures of two sides and the included angle are given or when the measures of three sides are given.
- j. Find the area of a triangle when given the measures of two sides and the I included angle or one side and two angles.

UNIT IV: Trigonometric Equations and Identities

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in applying trigonometric identities and solving trigonometric equations and inequalitites.

Objectives - The student will be able to:

- a. Develop and use formulas for the trigonometric functions of a sum or difference of two angle measures.
- b. Verify trigonometric identities graphically.
- c. Develop and use the double-angle identities.
- d. Develop and use the half-angle identities.
- e. Solve trigonometric equations and inequalities.
- f. Solve trigonometric equations and inequalities in quadratic form.

UNIT V: Quadratic Functions

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in investigating quadratic functions.

- a. Apply transformations to the graphs of quadratic functions.
- b. Graph quadratic functions.
- c. Determine the maximum and minimum values of a quadratic function.
- d. Identify intervals where functions are increasing and decreasing.
- e. Solve higher order polynomial equations.
- f. Solve higher order inequalities.

UNIT VI: Polynomial Functions

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in investigating polynomial functions.

Objectives - The student will be able to:

- a. Determine if a function is continuous.
- b. Determine the end behavior of a function.
- c. Find the real zeros of polynomial functions.
- d. Find the complex zeros of polynomial functions by algebraic methods.
- e. Determine the absolute maximum and minimum using a graphing utility.
- f. Determine the local (relative) maximum and minimum using a graphing utility.

UNIT VII: Rational and Radical Functions

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in investigating rational and radical functions.

Objectives - The student will be able to:

- a. Determine the composition of two or more functions.
- b. Find the domain and range of rational functions.
- c. Find the end behavior of rational functions.
- d. Solve equations and inequalities involving rational function.
- e. Find the domain and range of radical functions.
- f. Solve equations and inequalities involving rational functions.
- g. Find the domain and range of radical functions.
- h. Graph radical functions.
- i. Solve equations and inequalities involving radical functions.

UNIT VIII: Logarithmic and Exponential Functions

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in investigating logarithmic and exponential functions.

- a. Define and evaluate the sum, difference, product, and quotient of functions.
- b. Find the inverse of a relation or function.
- c. Determine if the inverse is a function.
- d. Graph exponential functions.
- e. Solve exponential equations.
- f. Define the natural base e.
- g. Express the inverse of an exponential function as a logarithmic function.

- h. Evaluate logarithms.
- i. Use the properties of logarithms.
- j. Graph logarithmic functions in base 10 and base e.
- k. Use change of base formulas to graph logarithmic functions in any base.
- 1. Solve equations involving logarithms.
- m. Use logarithms to solve exponential equations.
- n. Solve real-world problems involving exponential growth and decay, and compound interest.

UNIT IX: Complex Numbers and Polar Equations

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in exploring the relationships between the complex plane, the Cartesian plane and the polar coordinate system

Objectives - The student will be able to:

- a. Graph complex numbers on the complex plane.
- b. Find the trigonometric form of complex numbers.
- c. Apply DeMoivre's Theorem to complex numbers in trigonometric form.
- d. Change Cartesian coordinates to polar coordinates the vice versa.
- e. Plot points using polar coordinates.
- f. Graph polar equations.
- g. Change equations from rectangular form to polar form and vice versa.

UNIT X: Vector and Parametric Equations

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in exploring the properties of vectors and applications of parametric equations.

- a. Define a vector.
- b. Find the sum and difference of two vectors.
- c. Multiply a vector by a scalar.
- d. Define a unit vector.
- e. Find the norm of a vector.
- f. Find the direction of a vector.
- g. Define parallel vectors.
- h. Define perpendicular vectors.
- i. Write a given vector as a linear combination of two basis vectors.
- j. Deter whether two vectors are parallel or perpendicular.
- k. Find the angle between any two vectors.
- 1. Solve distance and motion problems using vectors.
- m. Define parametric equations.
- n. Graph parametric equations.
- o. Graph polar equations using parametric form.
- p. Apply parametric equations to the solution of motion problems.

UNIT XI: Discrete Mathematics

Goal. The student will demonstrate the ability to use a problem-solving approach in applying concepts of discrete mathematics to various situations.

- a. Find a rule for a sequence.
- b. Find specified terms and the common difference in an arithmetic sequence.
- c. Find specified terms and the common ratio in a geometric sequence.
- d. Determine whether a sequence converges or diverges.
- e. Define a series.
- f. Find the partial sum of an arithmetic or a geometric series.
- g. Find the sum of a convergent infinite geometric series.
- h. Use the binomial theorem to expand a binomial.
- i. Solve problems involving binomial distributions.
- j. Prove statements using the principle of mathematical induction.